



WHO / UNICEF

**Joint Monitoring Programme
for Water Supply and Sanitation**

Coverage Estimates
Improved Sanitation

Updated in July 2008

Jordan

Jordan

Survey

DHS	1990	
DATA NOT AVAILABLE		
SANITATION	Urban	Rural
TOTAL		
% Use of an improved sanitation facility		

Source: Domestic and Household Survey, Jordan 1990.

DHS	1997	
Proportion shared improved facilities/all improved facilities	0.02	0.03
SANITATION	Urban	Rural
Own flush toilet	94.0	70.8
Shared flush toilet	1.6	2.4
Traditional pit toilet	4.2	24.0
No facility	0.1	2.8
TOTAL	99.9	100.0
* 50% of traditional pit latrines considered improved	2.1	12.0
% Use of an improved sanitation facility	98%	85%
% Sewerage connections		

Source: Domestic and Household Survey, Jordan 1997.

Estimate

DHS			2002
SANITATION	Urban	Rural	
Flush toilet	92.0	76.2	88.8
Traditional pit toilet*	8.0	23.5	11.1
No facility	0.0	0.3	0.1
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	
* 50% of traditional pit latrines considered improved	4.0	11.8	
% Use of an improved sanitation facility	92%	76%	
% Sewerage connections			

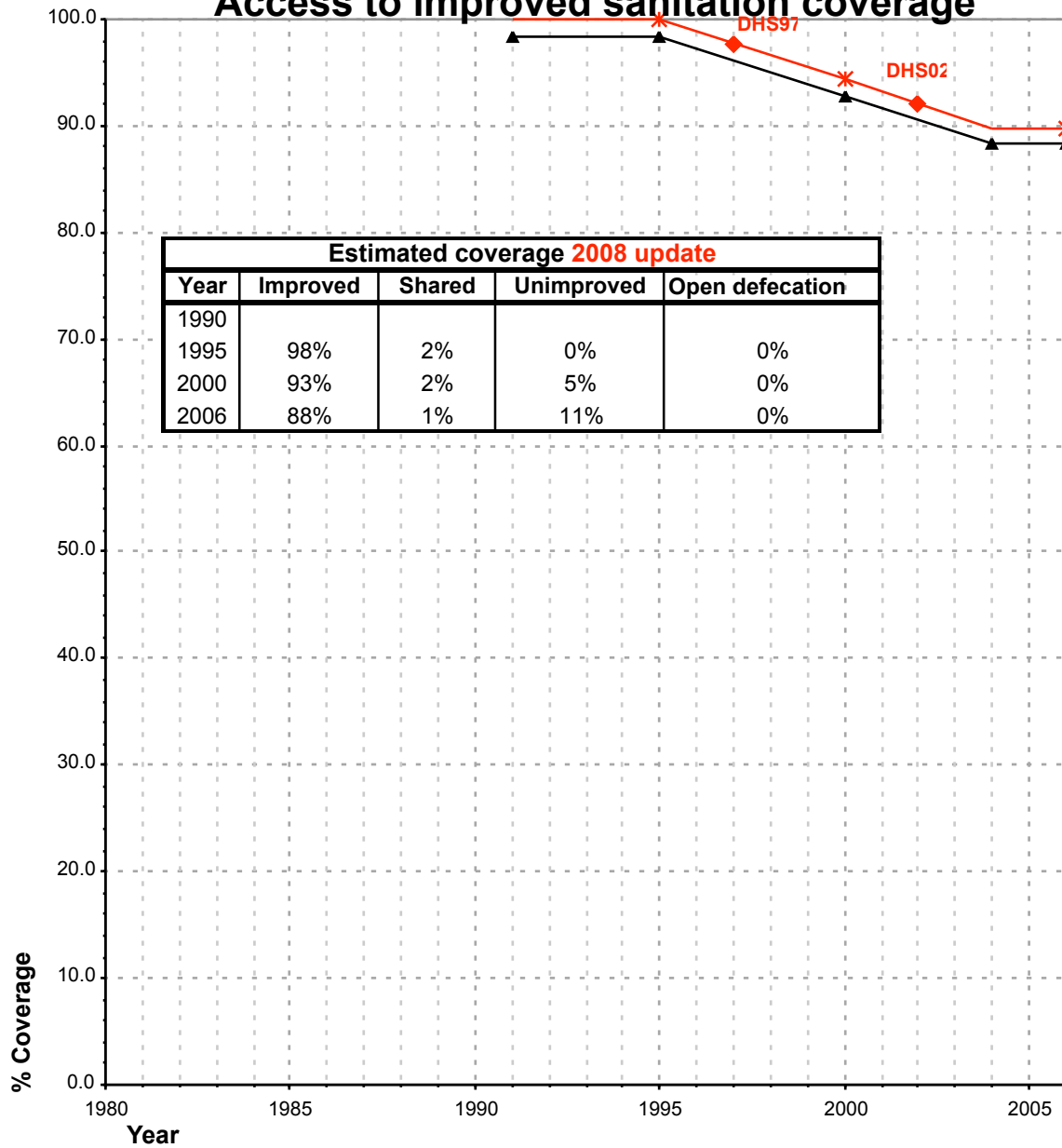
Jordanian Demographic and Health Survey 2002

FORM6/WHO	1999	
(Population in thousands)		
SANITATION	Urban	Rural
Population served with household connections to conventional sewers	2'333.4	29.0
Population without household connections but served with adequate, private or shared on-site system	1'260.3	953.2
Total population served	3'593.7	982.2
Total population unserved	10.8	22.0
Total population	3'604.5	1'004.2
% Use of an improved sanitation facility	100%	98%
% Sewerage connections	65%	3%

Source: Global Water Supply and Sanitation Assessment 2000. Water Supply

Jordan			SANITATION								OPEN DEFECCATION			
			URBAN				RURAL							
			HC	Total		HC	Total		Urban	Rural				
Source	Code	Year	Used for estimates	Not used for estimates	Used for estimates	Not used for estimates	Used for estimates	Not used for estimates	Used for estimates	Not used for estimates	Used for estimates	Not used for estimates	Used for estimates	Not used for estimates
The International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade. Review of National Baseline Data (as at December 1980). WHO 1984	WHO80	1980		18.0		94.0				34.0				
The International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade. Review of National Progress (as at December 1988). WHO 1990.	WHO88	1988		65.0		100.0				100.0				
The International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade. End of Decade Review (as at December 1990). WHO1992.	WHO90	1990		65.0		100.0				100.0				
Jordanian Demographic and Health Survey 1990.	DHS90	1990												
Jordanian Demographic and Health Survey 1997.	DHS97	1997	0.0		97.7		0.0		85.2		0.1		2.8	
Global Water Supply and Sanitation Assessment 2000. Water Supply and Sanitation Sector Questionnaire - 1999. (Form 6 sent to WHO)	JMP99	1999		64.7		100.0		2.9		98.0				
Jordanian Demographic and Health Survey 2002	DHS02	2002	0.0		92.0		0.0		76.3		0		0.3	

Jordan - urban - Access to improved sanitation coverage



Improved plus shared

Improved

◆ Used for estimates

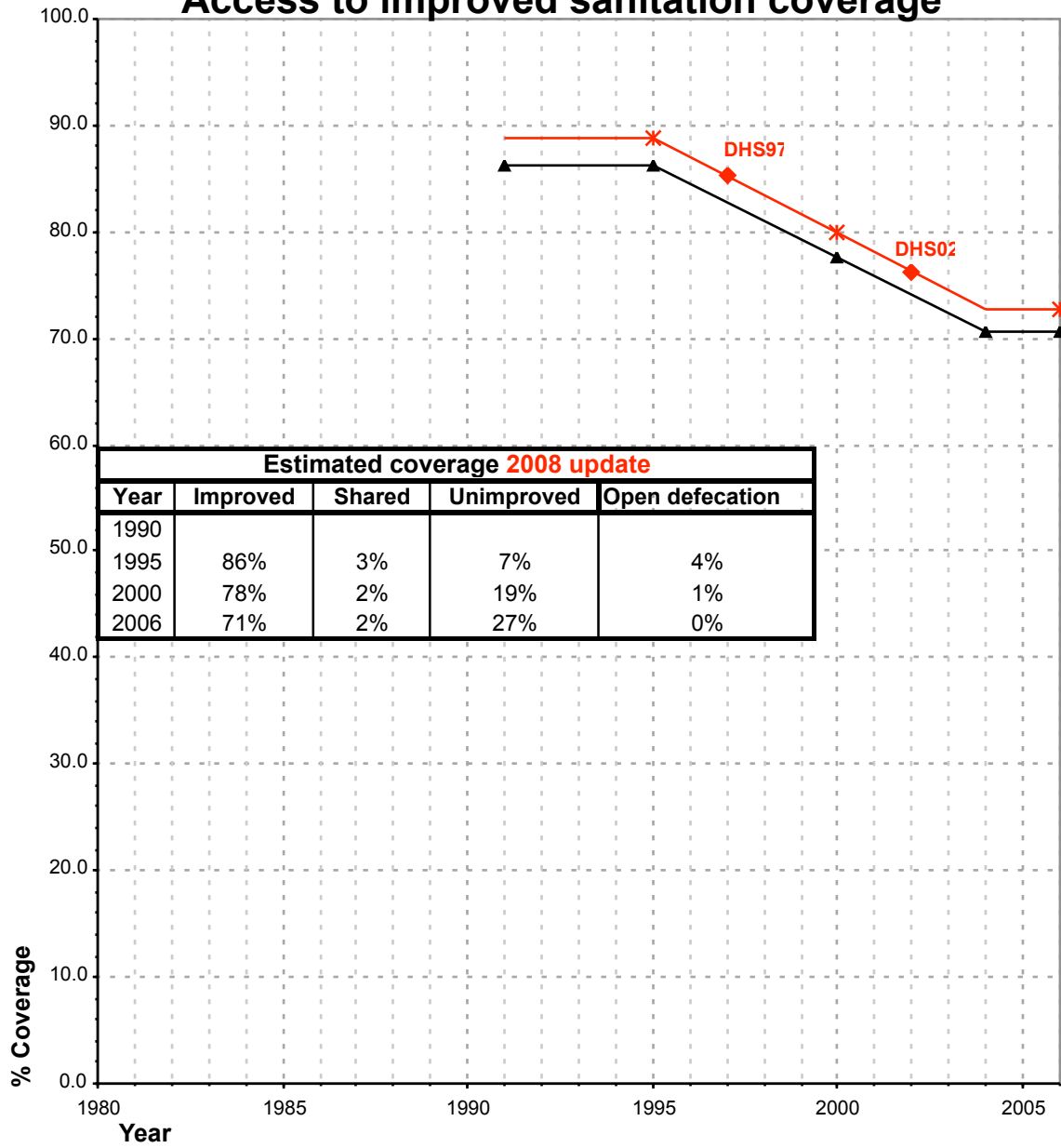
✱ Estimates

▲ JMP 2008 estimate

Shared facilities :

The proportion of the population using a shared improved sanitation facility is based on the proportion of the population using a shared flush toilet according to DHS 97

Jordan - rural - Access to improved sanitation coverage



Improved plus shared

Improved

◆ Used for estimates

✱ Estimates

▲ JMP 2008 estimate

Shared facilities :

The proportion of the population using a shared improved sanitation facility is based on the proportion of flush toilet according to DHS 97